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India

Agricultural Situation

Monsoon Update (9)

2008

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Report Highlights:

After improved performance during the first three weeks of August, the monsoon activity has again slumped during the past two weeks ending September 3, with rainfall mostly confined to northeastern and southern states. Recent unprecedented floods in several northern districts of Bihar have left millions of people marooned in eight districts of the state and has inundated vast areas of farm land, which the Prime Minister has declared as a national calamity.

Includes PSD Changes: No
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Trade Report
New Delhi [IN1]
[IN]

After improved performance during the first three weeks of August, monsoon activity has again slumped during the past two weeks ended September 3, with rainfall mostly confined to northeastern and southern states (Figure 1). Rainfall during the week ending September 3 was below normal in 22 of the 36 weather subdivisions, compared to 24 in the previous week. The all-India weighted rainfall was 27 percent below normal this week on top of a 39 percent deficiency the previous week. Major soybean, peanut, rice, cotton, and millet growing regions experienced poor rainfall for the past two and in some cases three consecutive weeks, which could adversely impact yield prospects.

Cumulative rainfall during June 1 to September 3 was normal or above normal in 29 weather subdivisions, and below normal in the remaining seven. The all-India weighted rainfall during this period was 3 percent below normal at 715.7 mm (Figure 2).

Recent unprecedented floods in several northern districts of Bihar following a breach in one of the barrages over river Kosi; and the river's subsequent change of course has left millions of people marooned in eight districts of the state and has inundated vast areas of farm land. The Prime Minister has declared this as a national calamity. The flood-affected districts in the state account for about one million tons of rice and 800,000 tons of corn production. However, the extent of crop damage is yet to be assessed. Severe flooding also recently occurred in some parts of Assam, inundating large areas of rice land.

The progressive planting report by the Agriculture Ministry shows that with the exception of rice and soybeans, area planted to most crops is still lagging behind last year's level up to August 22 (Table 1). With the planting season almost over for most crops, no significant additional planting is expected in crops such as coarse grains, cotton, and most oilseeds. Although the water level in major irrigations dams has improved following recent good rains, it is still 15 percent below last year's level, which could negatively impact planting of the winter season crops such as wheat, rice, and rapeseed.

Figure 1: Spatial and Temporal Distribution of Monsoon Rains

Weather Zones	June				July					August				September				
	4	11	18	25	2	9	16	23	30	6	13	20	27	3	10	17	24	30
Andaman & Nicobar Islands																		
Arunachal Pradesh																		
Assam & Meghalaya																		
Nagaland, Manipur & Mizo																		
Sub Himalayan West Bengal																		
Gangetic West Bengal																		
Orissa																		
Jharkhand																		
Bihar																		
East Uttar Pradesh																		
Plains of W. Uttar Pradesh																		
Uttaranchal																		
Haryana, Chandigarh & Delhi																		
Punjab																		
Himachal Pradesh																		
Jammu & Kashmir																		
West Rajasthan																		
East Rajasthan																		
West Madhya Pradesh																		
East MP																		
Chhattisgarh																		
Gujarat Region																		
Saurashtra & Kutch																		
Konkan & Goa																		
Madhya Maharashtra																		
Marathwada																		
Vidarbha																		
Coastal Andhra Pradesh																		
Telangana																		
Raylaseema																		
Tamil Nadu																		
Coastal Karnataka																		
North Interior Karnataka																		
South Interior Karnataka																		
Kerala																		
Lakshadweep																		
Excess (>20%)					Deficient (-20% to -59%)													
Normal (+19% to -19%)					Scanty (-60% to -100%)													

Figure 2: Cumulative Rainfall during June 1 to September 3, 2008

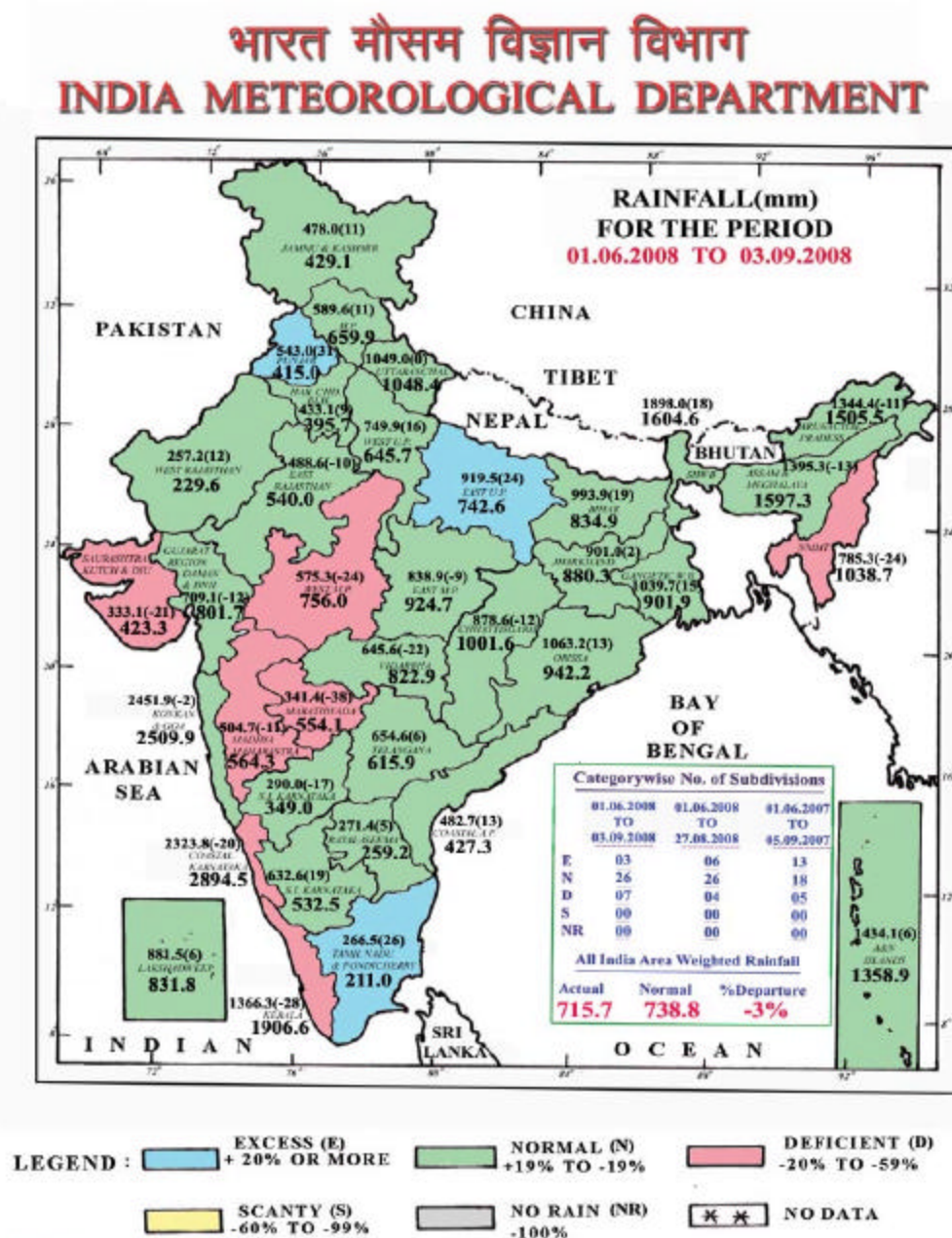


Table 1: Progressive Planting of Kharif Crops

All India Crop Situation - Kharif (2008-09) as on 22-08-2008							
Crop Name	Reported Area	Area sown reported		Change vs. area prev. year			Remarks
		This Year	% of Normal	Last Year	Absolute	Percentage	
Changes in sown (area) (abs. %)							
Rice	391.17	324.63	83.0	203.56	21.1	6.9	AP (+5.4, +7.5), AS (+1.7, -7.9), BIH (+2.3, +2.1), CHH (+1.4, -0.9), GUJ (+1.6, -32.0), HR (+0.4, +3.7), KA (+0.8, +16.7), MP (+2.5, +6.6), MZ (+1.3, +6.6), OR (+1.3, +2.3), PU (+1.3, +2.3), RAJ (+0.3, +4.8), TG (+0.7, +6.6), UP (+1.2, +4.8), WB (+0.8, +2.3)
Jowar	42.06	27.50	65.4	30.31	-5.8	-17.4	AP (+0.2, +1.7), GUJ (+0.2, +3.8), KA (+0.8, -35.4), MP (+0.1, -6.2), MZ (+0.3, -2.8), RAJ (+0.8, +2.2), TG (+0.7, -6.2), UP (+0.7, -2.2)
Bajra	91.81	72.35	78.7	80.48	-8.1	-9.1	AP (+2.8, -49.5), GUJ (+2.2, -15.7), HR (+4.5, -7.1), KA (+2.2, -55.9), MZ (+3.4, -44.3), RAJ (+0.7, +1.7), UP (+1.2, -97.4)
Maize	63.71	66.84	104.9	71.78	-5.1	-7.2	AP (+0.7, -38.5), AS (+0.1, -21.3), BIH (+0.5, -24.8), KA (+0.1, -29.5), MZ (+1.2, -26.5), RAJ (+0.4, +4.3), TG (+0.8, -45.0), UP (+0.1, -3.4)
Total Coarse Cereals	226.54	164.05	72.4	204.02	-29.0	-14.2	AP (+4.2, -35.2), GUJ (+2.7, -21.0), KA (+2.7, +5.8), MZ (+0.5, -22.8), JHR (+0.3, -21.4), KA (+4.5, -22.3), MP (+0.2, -4.1), MZ (+3.0, -14.3), RAJ (+1.6, +2.8), TG (+1.0, -38.4), UP (+0.2, +1.2)
Total Cereals	617.71	508.68	82.3	507.58	1.1	0.2	
Tur	34.60	31.46	90.9	37.93	-5.6	-15.0	AP (+0.8, -30.1), BIH (+0.3, -43.2), KA (+4.2, -29.5), MZ (+1.2, -25.2), TG (+0.5, -45.3), UP (+0.3, -11.6)
Urad	25.31	19.56	77.3	24.59	-5.4	-21.8	KA (+0.8, -31.6), MP (+0.6, -40.5), MZ (+3.6, -49.7), UP (+1.5, -41.7)
Mung	28.16	22.51	80.0	30.33	-7.4	-24.5	AP (+0.6, -33.0), GUJ (+0.5, -28.2), KA (+2.8, -57.9), MZ (+2.9, -41.4), RAJ (+0.5, -4.8)
Others	22.64	21.61	95.4	20.31	1.1	5.4	AP (+1.8, -38.2), BIH (+0.5, -42.1), GUJ (+1.5, -45.3), JHR (+6.8, -31.3), KA (+5.6, -39.6), MP (+0.6, -7.4), MZ (+0.1, -41.4), RAJ (+2.6, +11.6), TG (+0.4, -74.2), UP (+1.2, -45.8)
Total Pulses	108.71	95.57	87.9	112.86	-17.3	-15.3	
Total Foodgrains	726.42	604.25	83.2	620.44	-16.2	-2.6	
Groundnut	53.54	48.54	91.5	50.77	-2.2	-4.4	AP (+0.4, -2.6), GUJ (+1.3, -47.3), KA (+2.1, -16.5), MP (+0.2, -42.4), MZ (+0.9, -28.3), RAJ (+0.2, +1.5)
Soyabean	72.64	94.12	129.7	66.84	27.3	40.4	AP (+2.1, -33.7), KA (+0.4, -22.2), MP (+2.8, -45.4), MZ (+2.5, +9.1), RAJ (+1.6, +12.4)
Sunflower	7.50	4.81	64.2	6.83	-0.7	-10.8	AP (+1.6, -50.2), KA (+0.1, -18.5), MZ (+0.2, -40.2)
Sesamum	14.46	13.19	91.3	14.54	-0.1	-0.1	AP (+0.5, -7.4), GUJ (+0.7, -21.6), KA (+0.3, -38.6), MP (+0.4, -16.7), MZ (+0.2, -38.2), RAJ (+0.8, +8.7)
Niger	3.23	1.90	58.4	2.68	-0.2	-7.2	
Castor	7.01	5.81	82.9	6.44	-0.5	-8.8	
Total Oilseed (Nine)	156.97	168.70	107.5	162.51	6.2	3.8	AP (+5.6, -7.4), GUJ (+0.7, +1.2), KA (+0.4, -28.4), MP (+2.5, +12.3), MZ (+1.2, +3.7), RAJ (+2.2, +3.5), TG (+0.2, +8.5)
Cotton	88.73	87.05	104.9	90.89	-3.9	-4.2	AP (+1.2, +0.5), GUJ (+1.5, -50.0), HR (+5.7, -13.6), MZ (+2.1, -5.7), RAJ (+0.4, -7.3), UP (+1.5, -41.0)
Sugarcane	41.47	44.13	106.4	42.66	-1.2	-3.7	AP (+1.2, -47.2), KA (+0.4, +12.7), KA (+0.4, -26.7), KA (+4.1, -18.5), MZ (+0.9, -47.5), PU (+0.2, -21.5), TG (+0.3, -7.3), UP (+0.8, -13.7), WB (+0.1, -19.5)
Jute	8.24	7.57	91.9	8.16	-0.3	-3.8	BIH (+0.5, +1.1), WB (+1.0, -46.4)
All Crops	1018.23	911.50	89.5	940.05	-28.5	-3.0	
Source: District Statistical Office, Govt. of India							

Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Govt. of India